

Pediatric Severe Sepsis Algorithm

For children >28 days of age

Recognition of Severe Sepsis:

- Fever ($>38.0^{\circ}\text{C}$) or hypothermia ($<36.0^{\circ}\text{C}$)
- High Risk Conditions*
- Signs of infection*

And signs of impaired perfusion:

- Tachycardia, cap refill >2 sec, cold extremities, (\downarrow urine output, $\text{SpO}_2 <94\%$, mottled skin)
- Mental status changes (confusion, lethargy, inconsolability)

* See Sepsis Screener in Drug Dosing Binder

Initial Management:

- Assess ABCs, cardiorespiratory monitoring
- O_2 10-15 L non-rebreather mask
- IV access x2; IO access if 2 failed IV attempts
- May use IO for blood tests, fluids & medications in lieu of IV
- Investigations:
 - Bedside glucose
 - CBC, blood C&S, electrolytes, venous gas, glucose, urea, creatine, lactate, PT/PTT, ALT, blood type & screen
 - CXR
 - Urinalysis and C&S (consider indwelling urinary catheter)

Alert Pediatric Referral Centre

10 min

1st Bolus - NS 20 mL/kg rapid IV push over 5 – 10 min

Give Antibiotics

- Ceftriaxone (100 mg/kg/dose, MAX 2g/dose) IV q24h
- Vancomycin if suspect meningitis (15 mg/kg/dose, MAX 1 g/dose) IV q6h



Reassess HR, RR, BP, Perfusion, SpO_2
If remain abnormal:

20 min

2nd Bolus - NS 20 mL/kg rapid IV push over 5 – 10 min

- Alert Pediatric Referral Centre, if not already done



Reassess HR, RR, BP, Perfusion, SpO_2
If remain abnormal:

30 min

3rd Bolus - NS 20 mL/kg rapid IV push over 5 – 10 min

- Prepare inotrope infusion
- Alert Pediatric Referral Centre, if not already done



Reassess HR, RR, BP, Perfusion, SpO_2
If remain abnormal:

40 min

IF "Cold Shock"

(\downarrow perfusion, \downarrow peripheral pulses)
Epinephrine 0.05 mcg/kg/min IV,
titrate up by 0.02 mcg/kg/min to effect



Reassess HR, RR, BP, Perfusion, SpO_2
If remain abnormal:

Ongoing Care

Repeat boluses of NS 20 ml/kg
until adequate perfusion

CAUTION!

- Assess for fluid overload after each bolus (palpate for hepatomegaly, auscultate for crackles)
- Consider cardiogenic shock if deterioration after fluid boluses

IF "Warm Shock"

(\uparrow pulse pressure, bounding pulses)
Norepinephrine 0.05 mcg/kg/min IV,
titrate up by 0.02 mcg/kg/min to effect

Pediatric Referral Centre Discussion

CONSIDERATION OF:

- Intubation
 - Be prepared for clinical deterioration
 - Ensure adequate fluid resuscitation
- Addition of 2nd inotrope
- Steroid (catecholamine resistant shock)
- PRBC transfusion